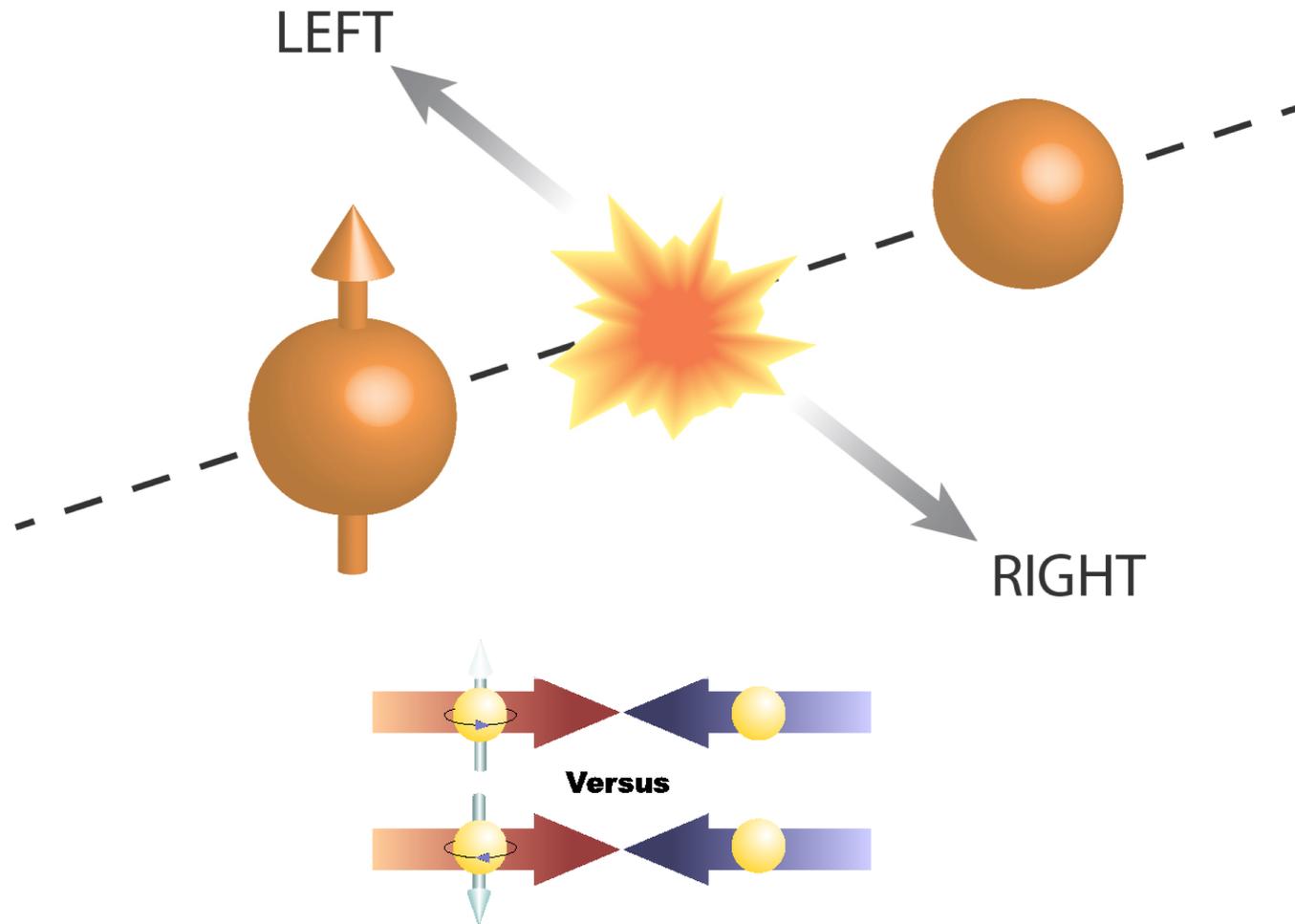


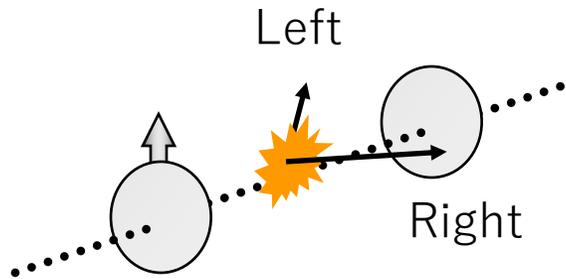
# The role of diffractive process in the inclusive asymmetry at almost zero degree in transversely polarized proton + proton collision at RHIC

Itaru Nakagawa (RIKEN)  
for the RHICf Collaboration

# Transverse Single Spin Asymmetry



# Pioneering Transverse Single Spin Assymetry



$$A_N = \frac{1}{P} \frac{\sigma_L^\pi - \sigma_R^\pi}{\sigma_L^\pi + \sigma_R^\pi}$$

Naïve Theory Prediction:  
Small in high energy

(Kane, Pumplin, Repko, PRL 41, 1689–1692 (1978) )

$$A_N \propto \frac{m_q}{\sqrt{s}}$$

$A_N \sim O(10^{-4})$  Theory

Experiment:

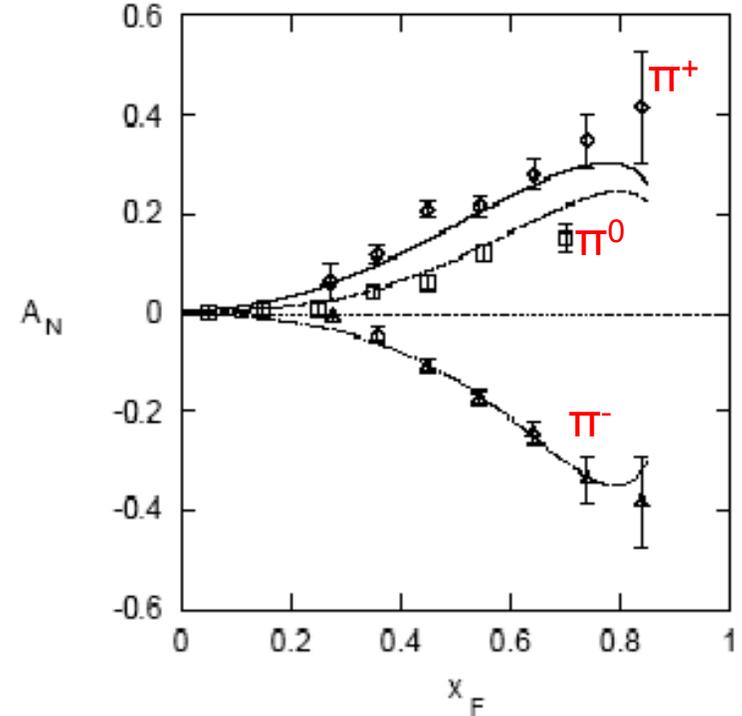
(E704, Fermi National Laboratory, 1991)

$$pp^\uparrow \rightarrow \pi + X$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$A_N \sim O(10^{-1})$  Measured

E704: pion single spin asymmetry  $A_N$



$$x_F = \frac{2p_L}{\sqrt{s}}$$

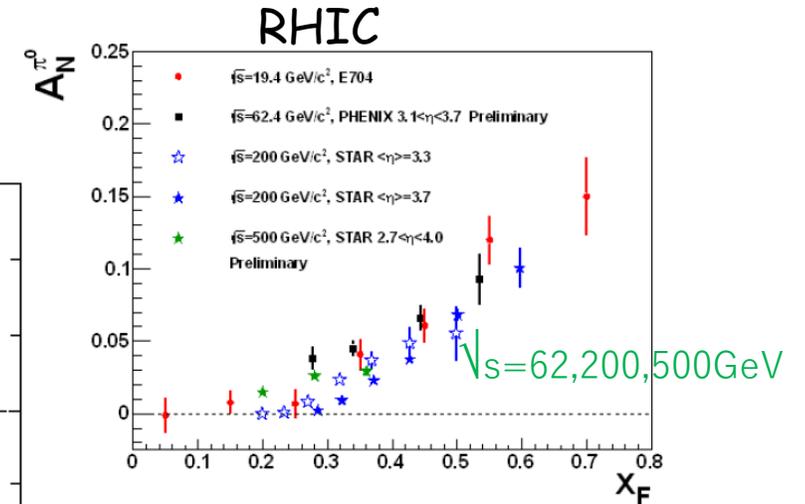
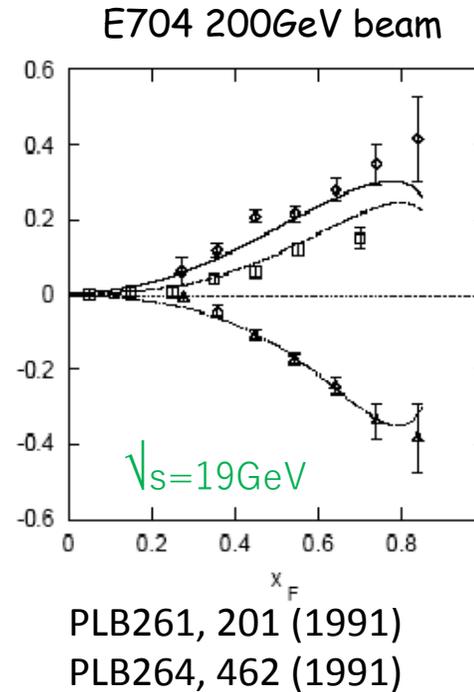
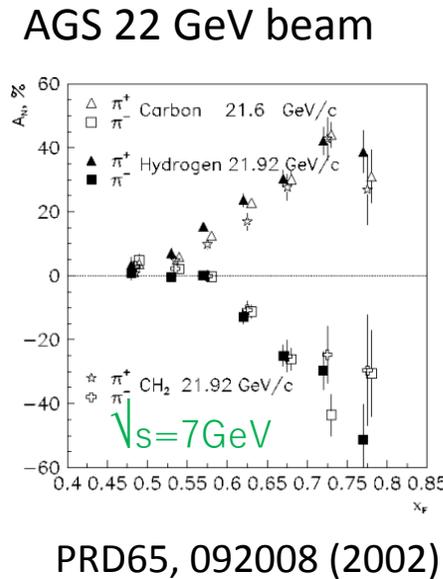
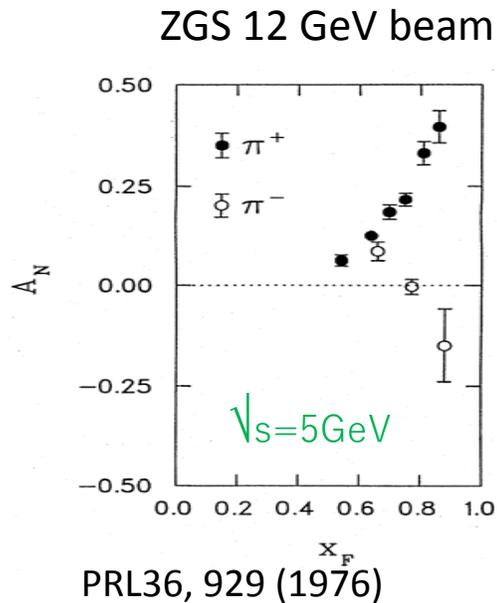
# Energy Dependence of $A_N$

Naïve Theory Prediction:

Small in high energy

(Kane, Pumplin, Repko, PRL 41, 1689–1692 (1978) )

$$A_N \propto \frac{m_q}{\sqrt{S}} \quad A_N \text{ } O(10^{-4}) \text{ Theory}$$



Asymmetry still persists even in high energy!

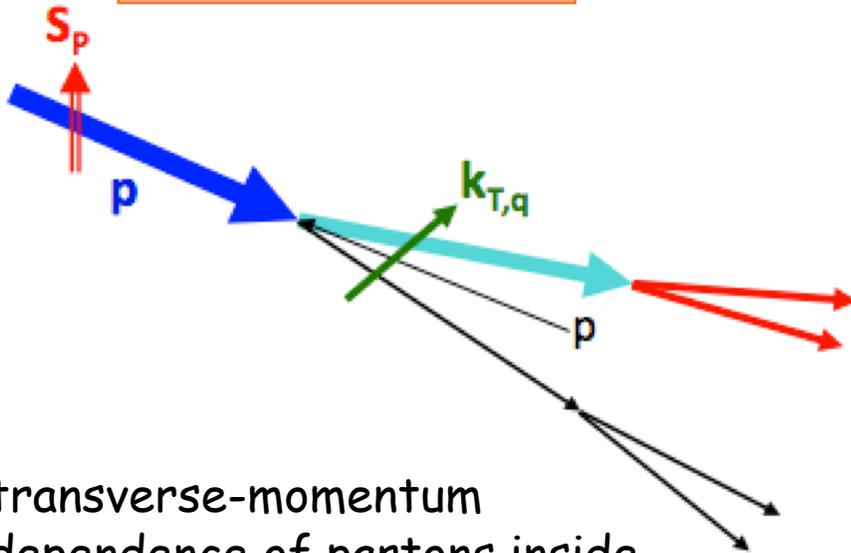
Non-perturbative

Perturbative

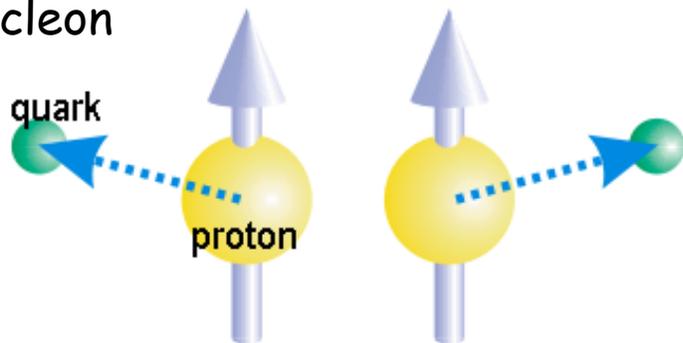


# Initial State Effect

## Sivers Mechanism

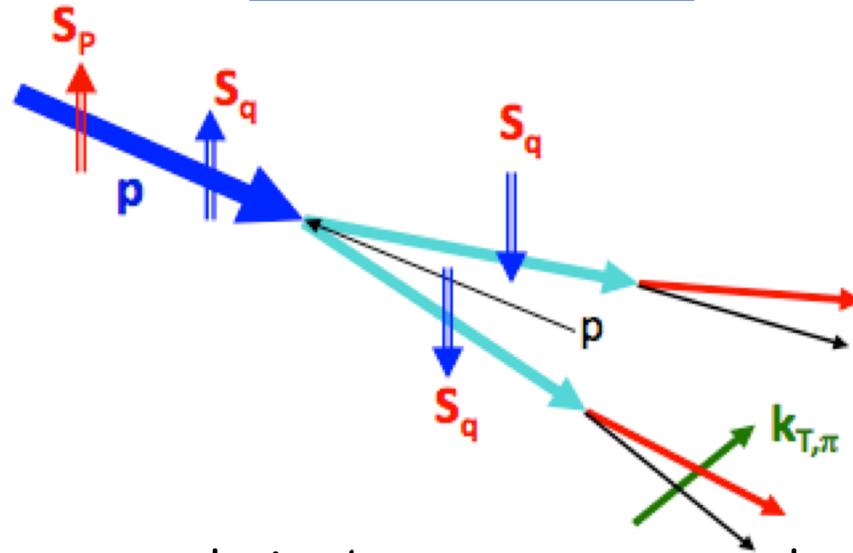


transverse-momentum dependence of partons inside the transversely-polarized nucleon

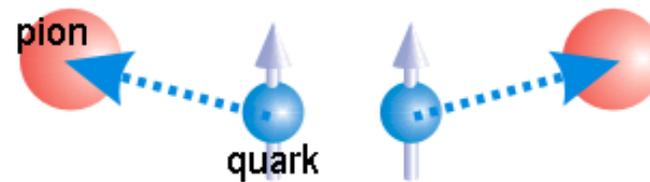


# Final State Effect

## Collins Mechanism

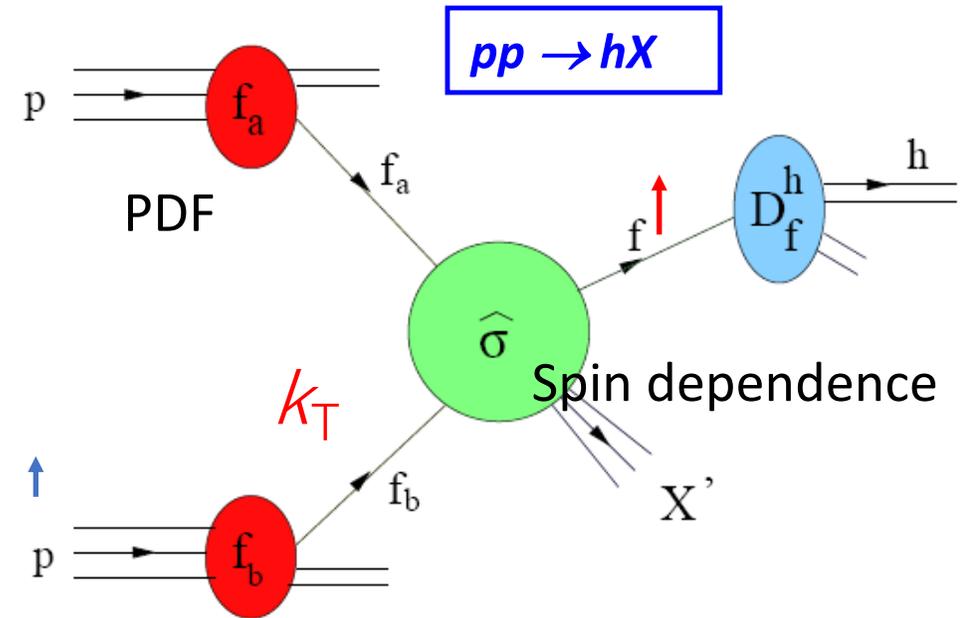
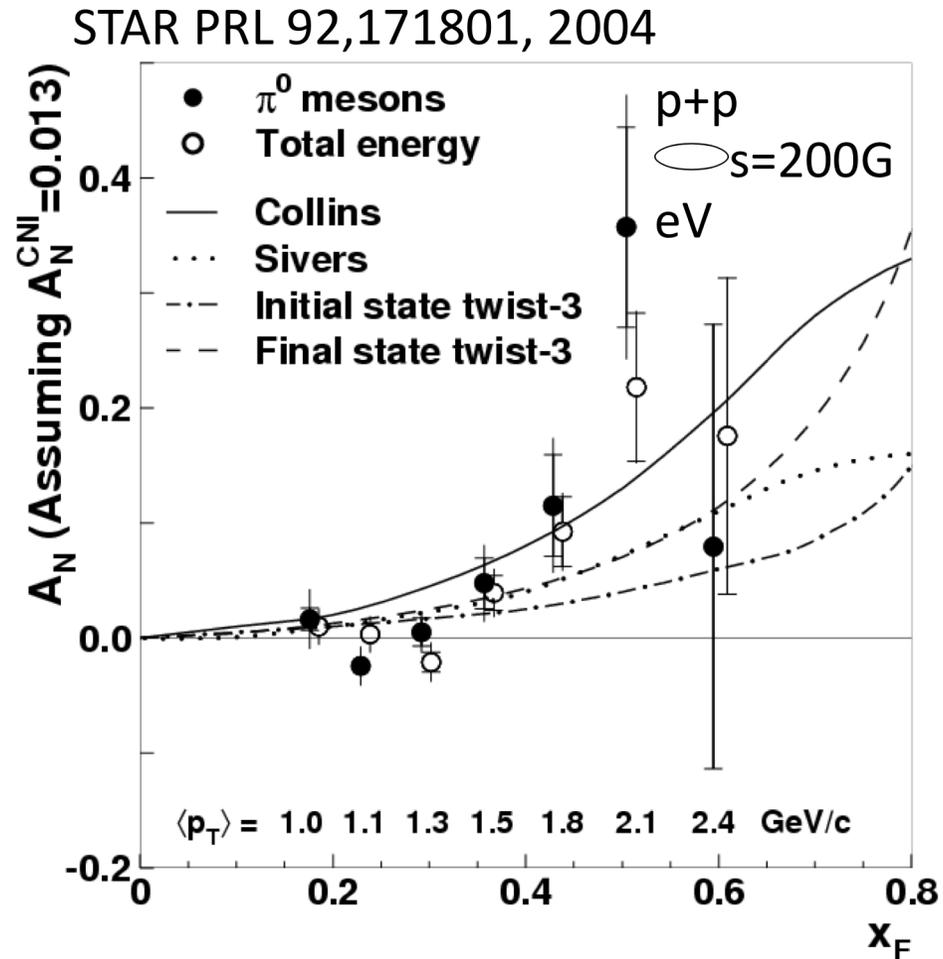


correlation between transversely-polarized nucleon and transversely polarized partons inside



+ higher twist mechanism

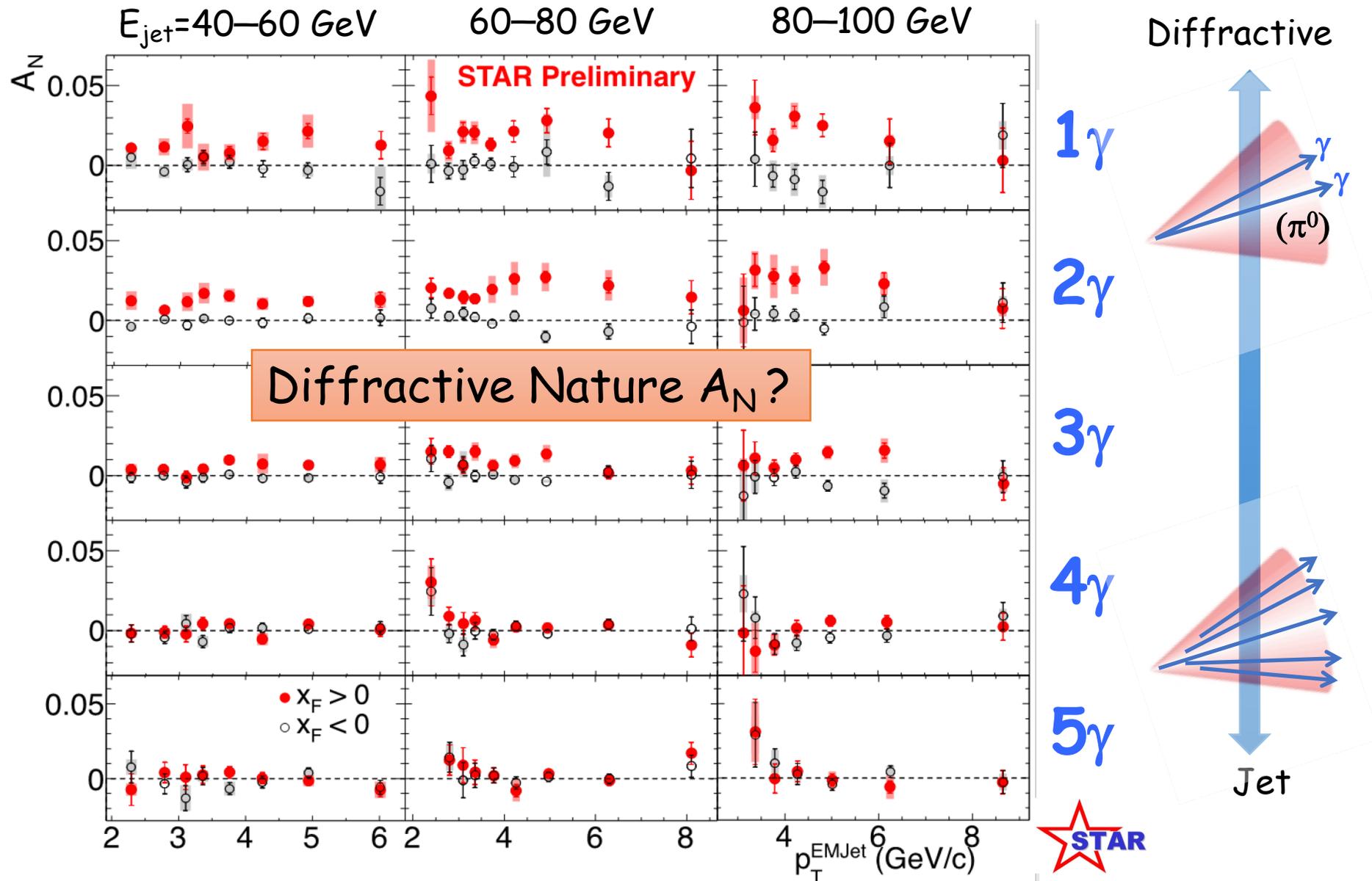
# pQCD interpretation



Initial State effect or Final State Effect?

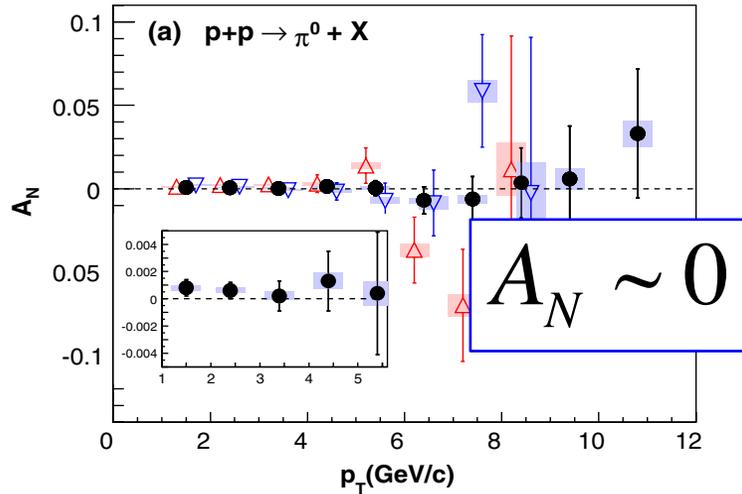
Remain Unsolved

# $\gamma$ -multiplicity dependence of Forward ( $2 < \eta < 4$ ) $\pi^0$ $A_N$



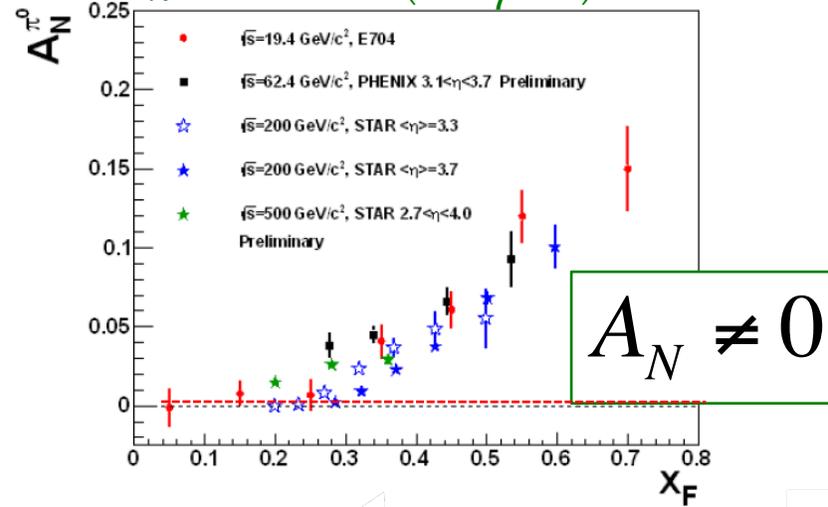
# Rapidity Dependence of $A_N$

$\pi^0$  Central ( $0.35 > |\eta|$ )



PRD90,012006(2014)

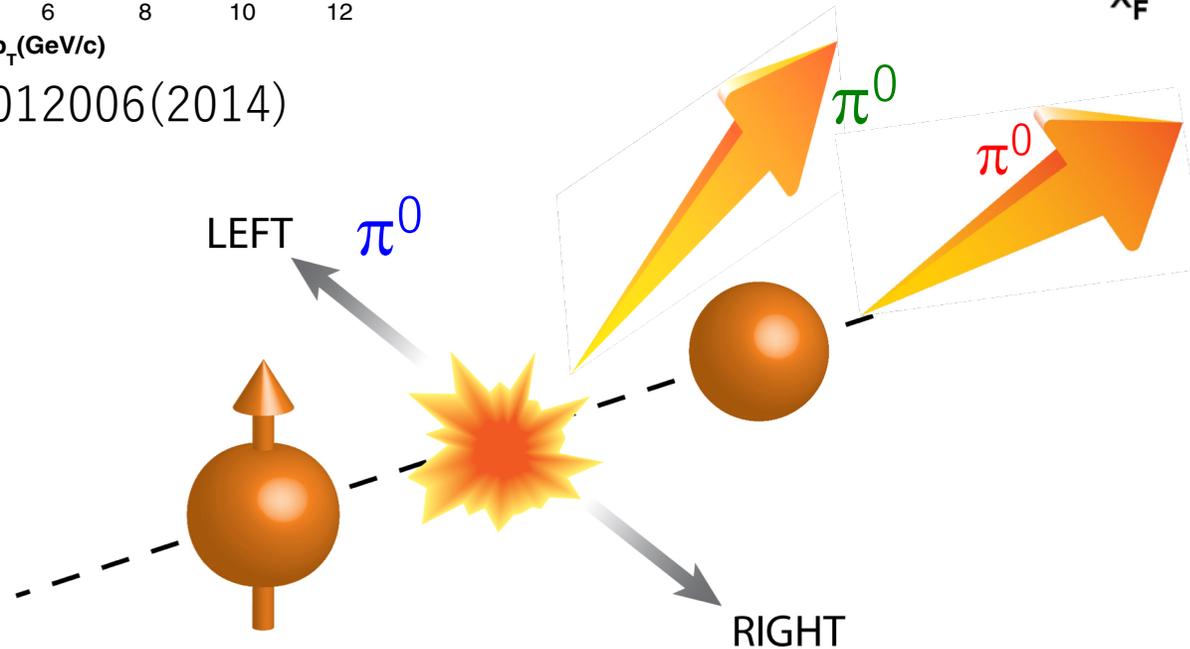
$\pi^0$  Forward ( $2 < \eta < 4$ )



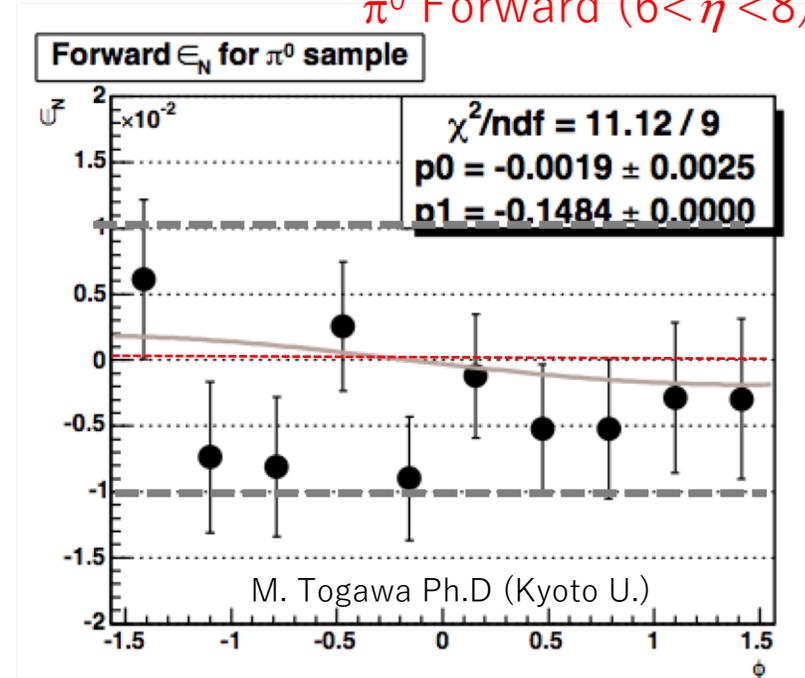
Phys. Lett. B650 (2007) 325.

	forward	backward
neutron	$-0.090 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.009$	$0.003 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.003$
photon	$-0.009 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.007$	$-0.019 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.003$
$\pi^0$	$-0.022 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.002$	$0.007 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.001$

TABLE I: Asymmetries measured by the EMCAL. The errors are statistical and systematic, respectively. There is an additional scale uncertainty, due to the beam polarization uncertainty, of  $(1.0_{-0.24}^{+0.47})$ .

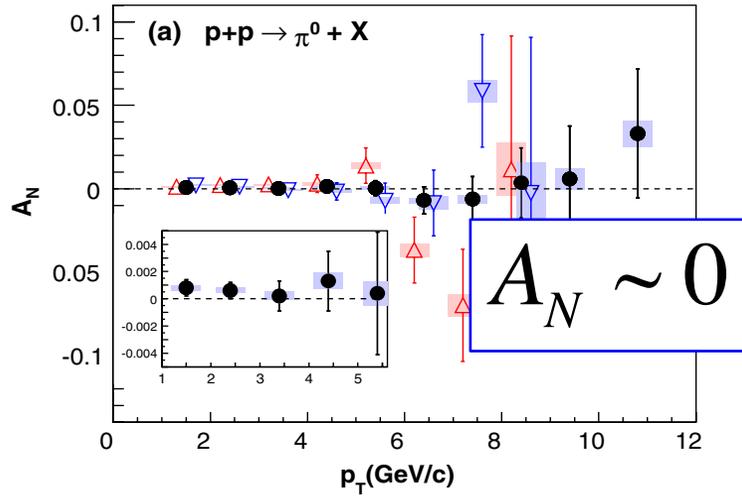


$\pi^0$  Forward ( $6 < \eta < 8$ )



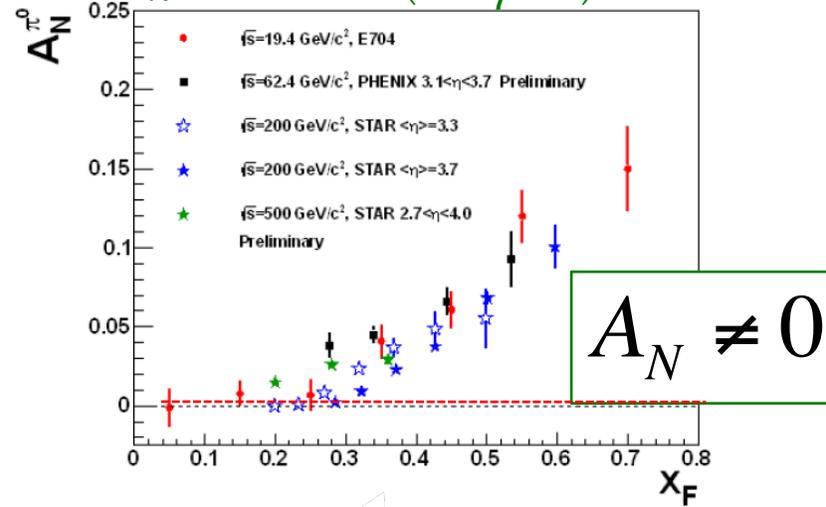
# Rapidity Dependence of $A_N$

$\pi^0$  Central ( $0.35 > |\eta|$ )

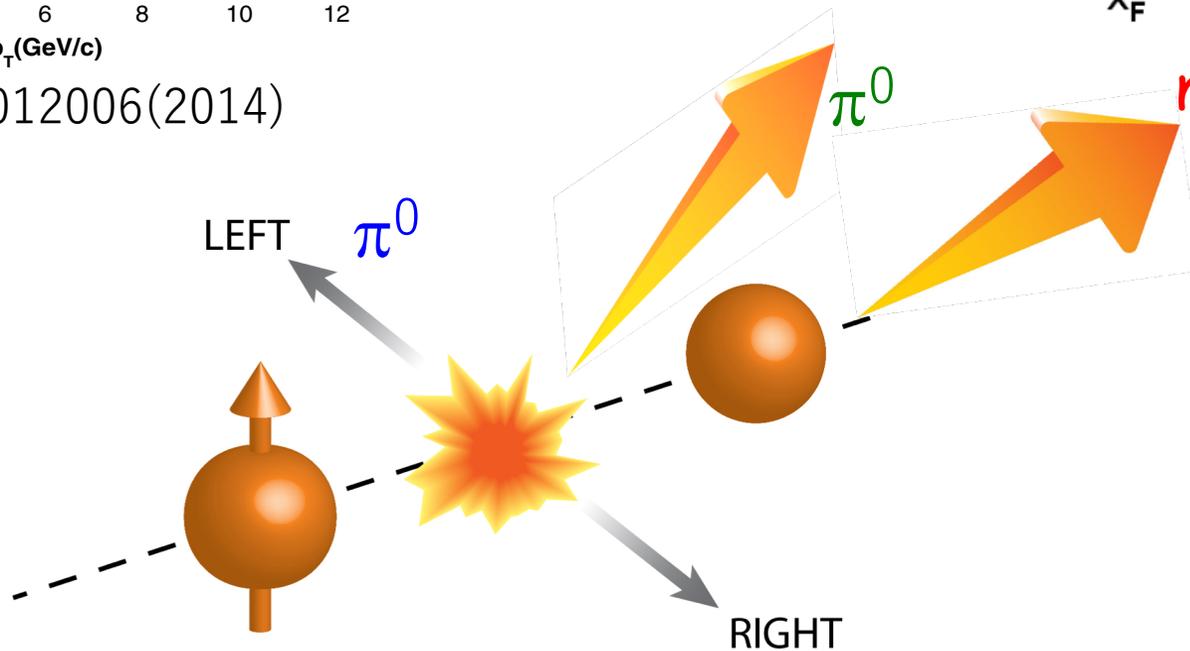


PRD90,012006(2014)

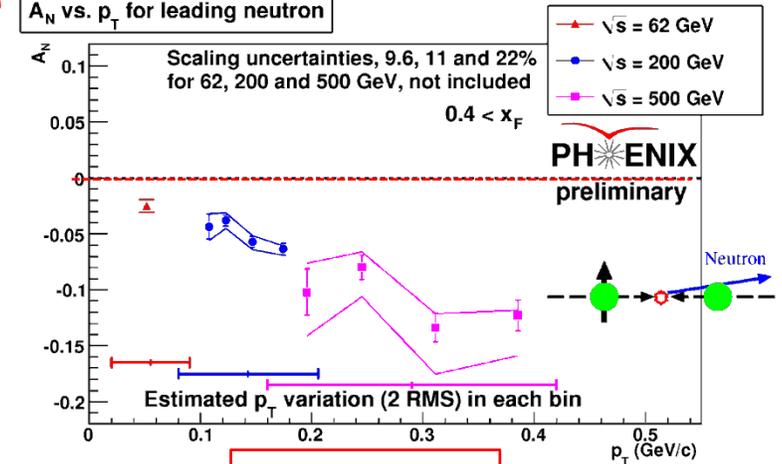
$\pi^0$  Forward ( $2 < \eta < 4$ )



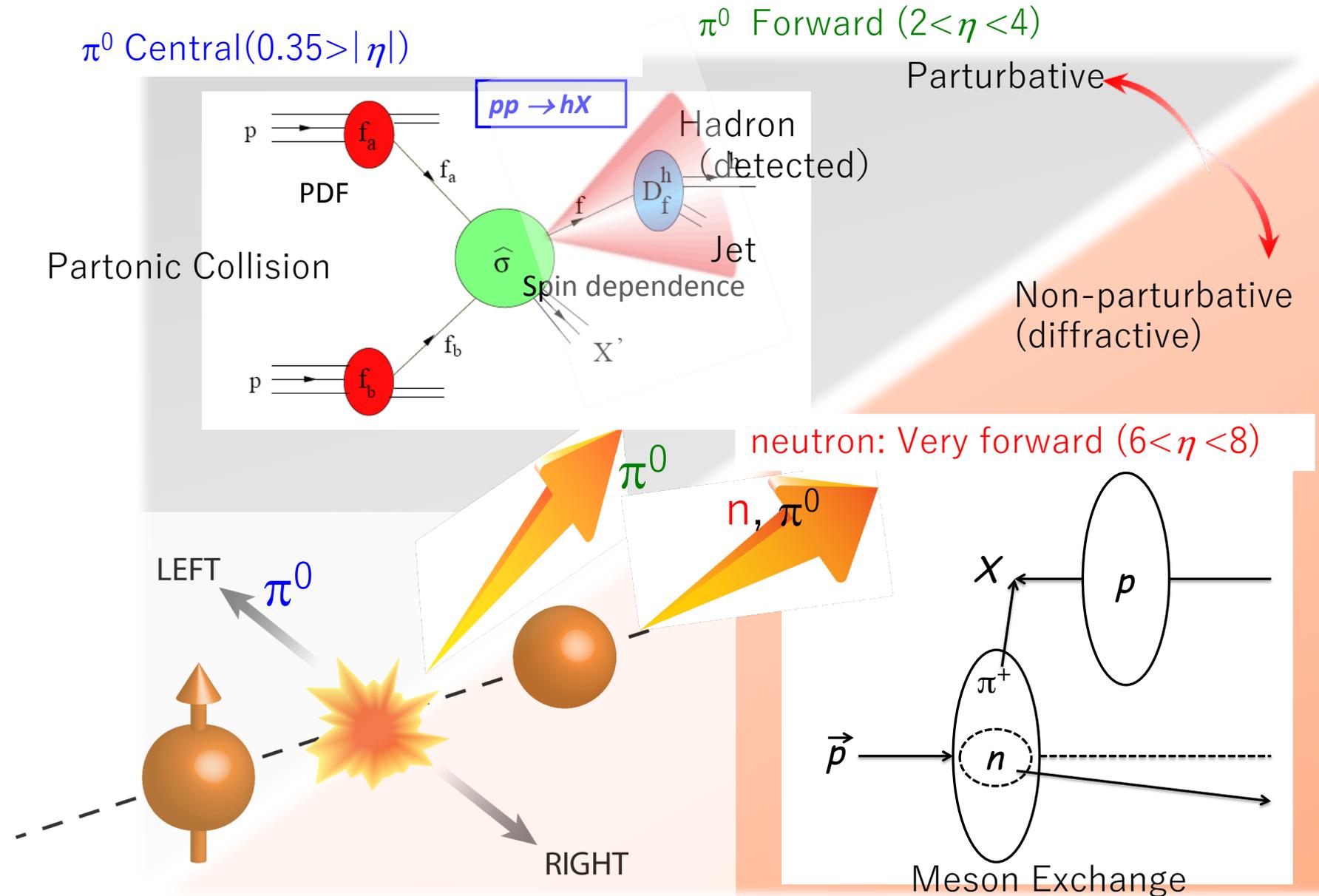
Neutron: Very Forward ( $6 < \eta < 8$ )



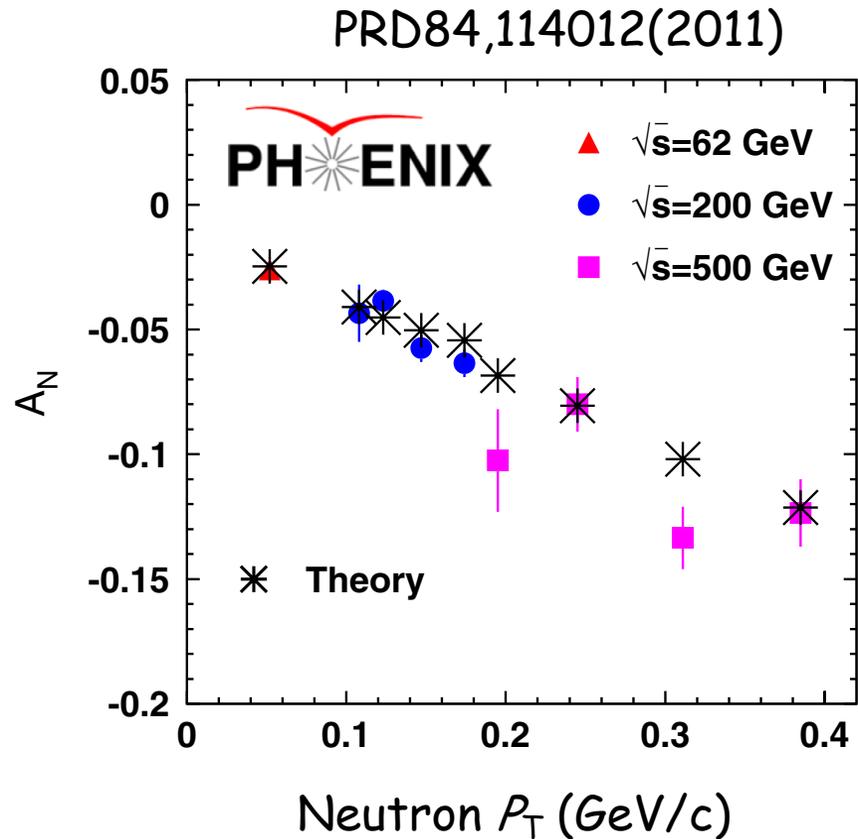
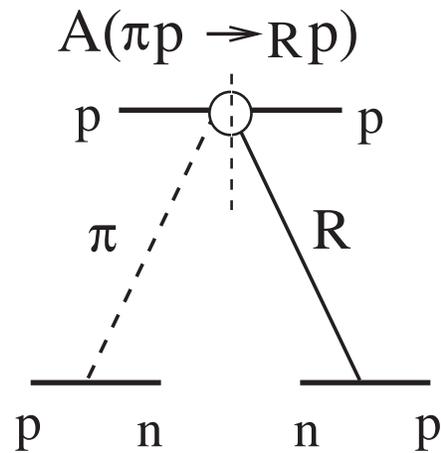
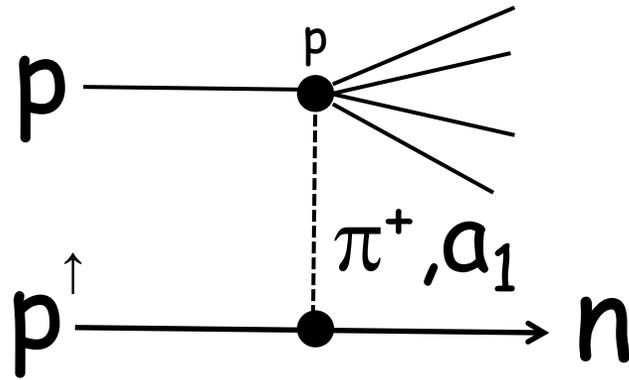
$A_N$  vs.  $p_T$  for leading neutron



# Hadron Production Mechanism

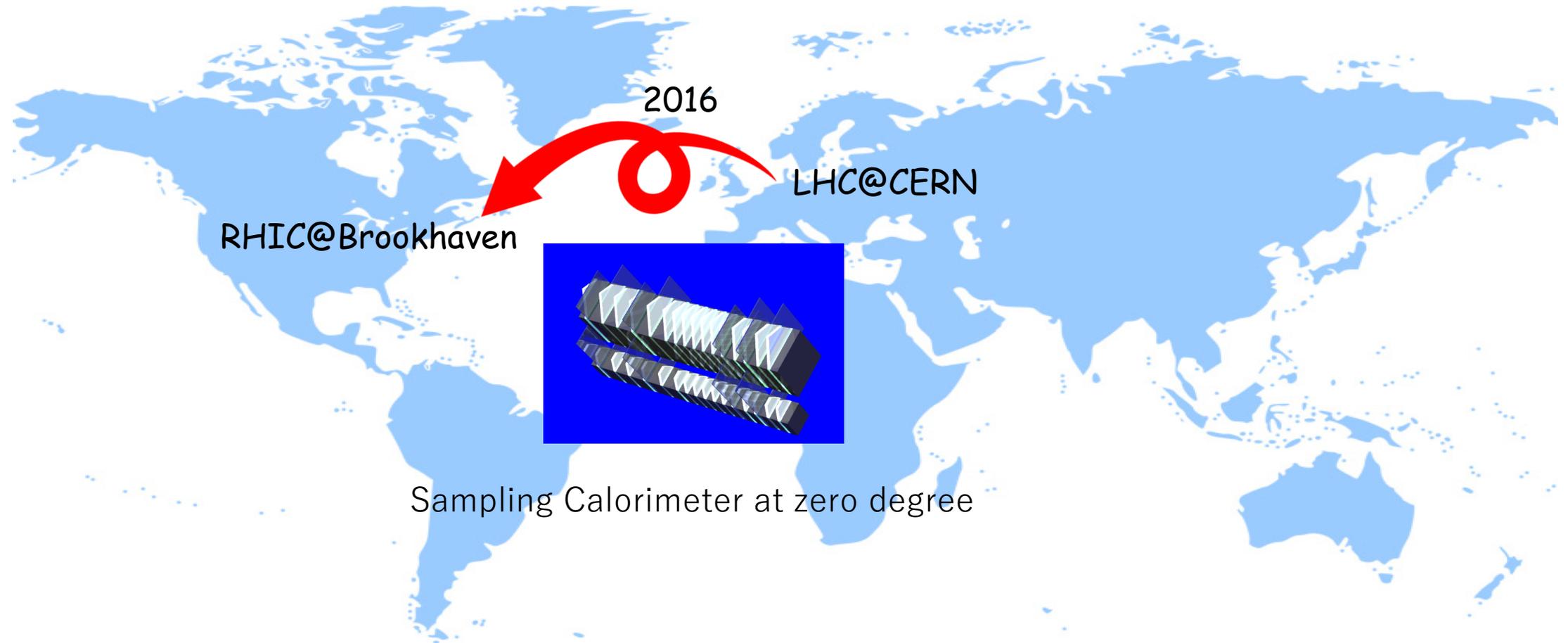


# $p^\uparrow + p$ Forward Neutron $A_N$



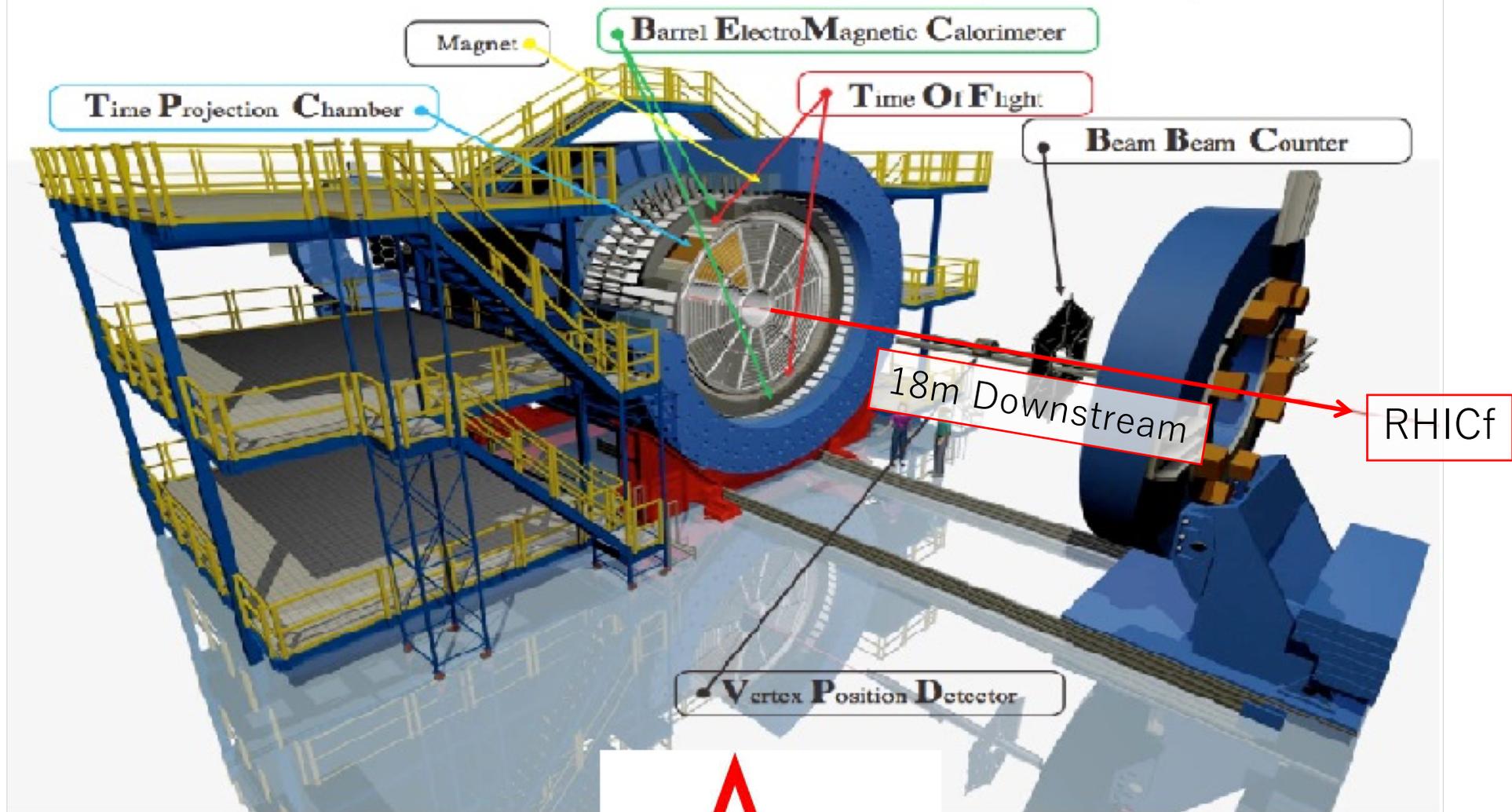
Data are well reproduced by the interference between  $\pi$  and  $a_1$  Reggeon

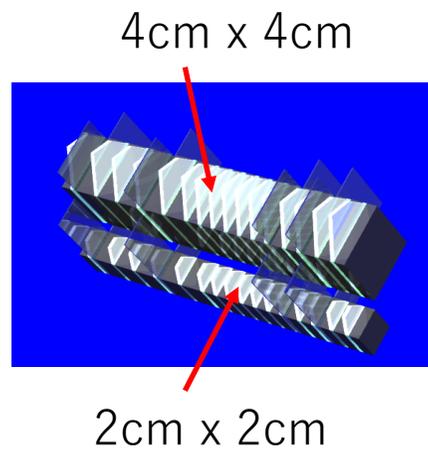
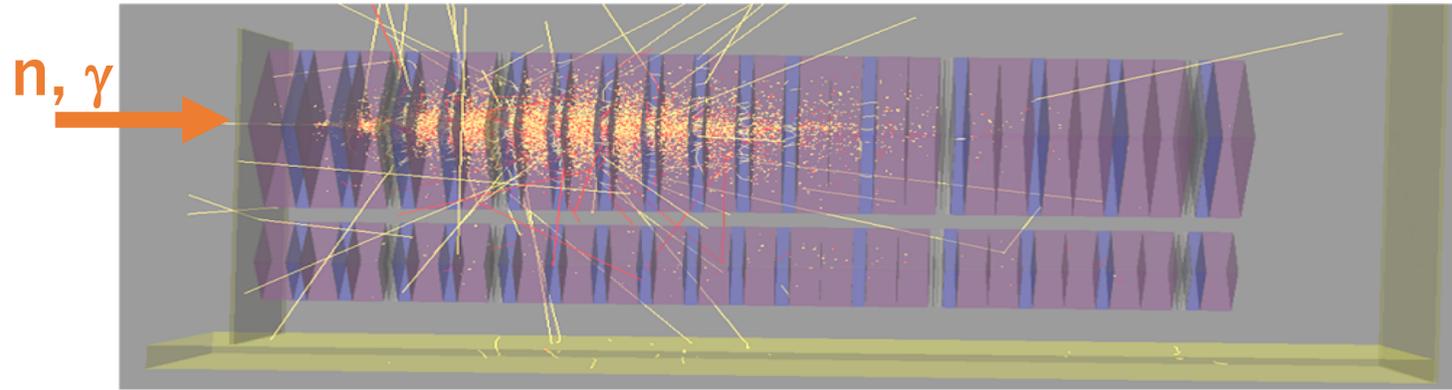
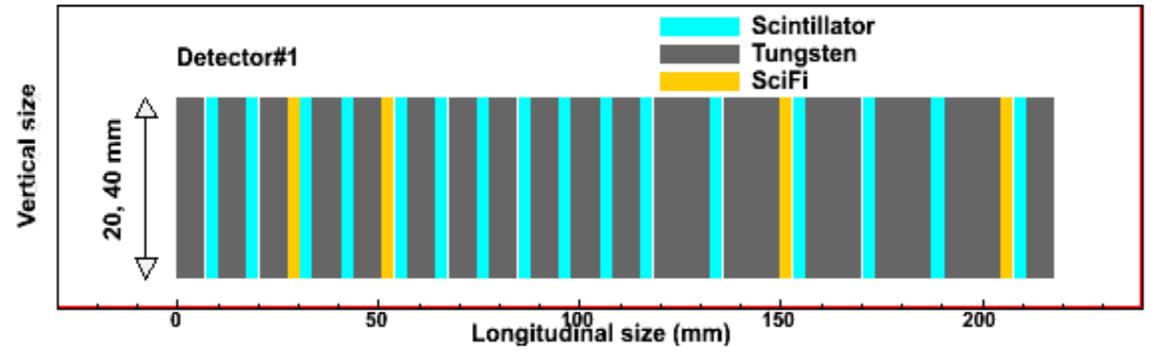
# LHCf -> RHICf



Sampling Calorimeter at zero degree

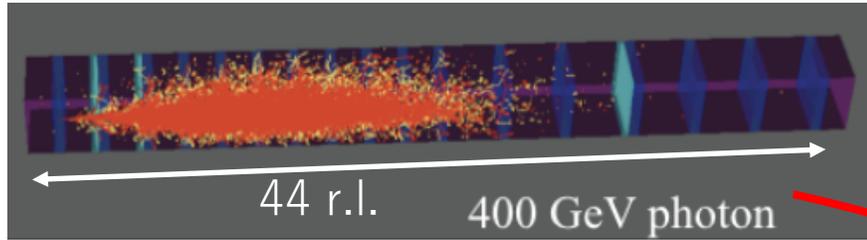
# Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC : $-1 < \eta < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi$



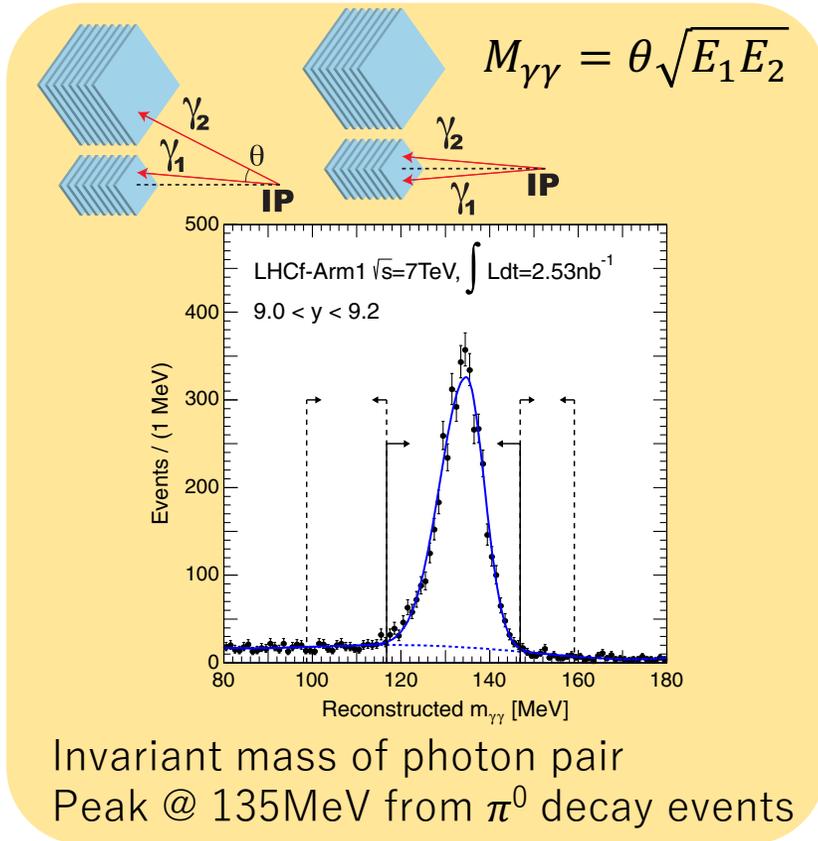
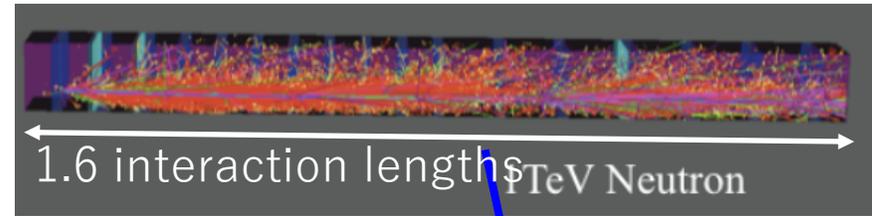


# Particle ID (PID)

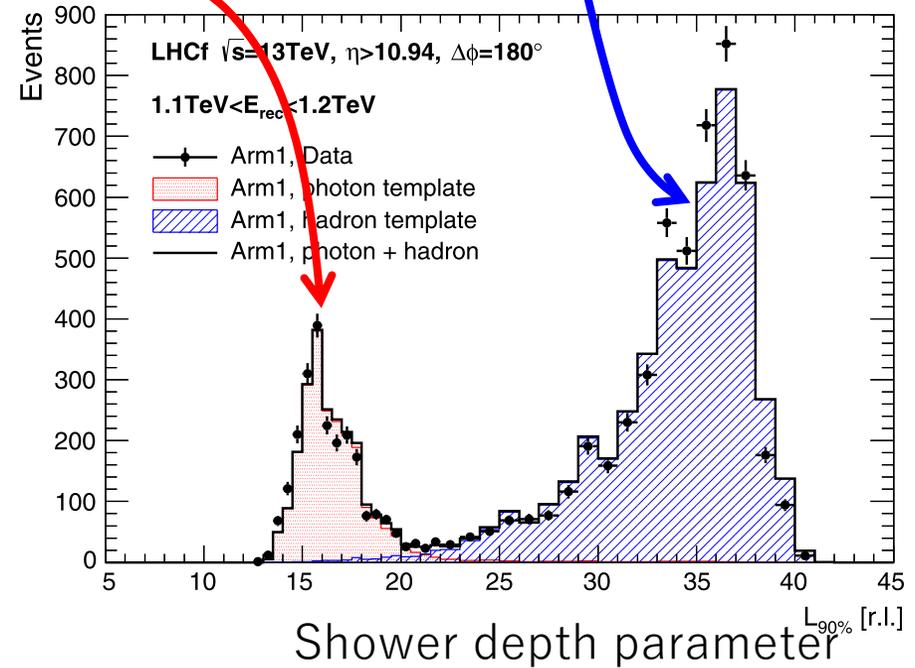
## Photon event



## Neutron event

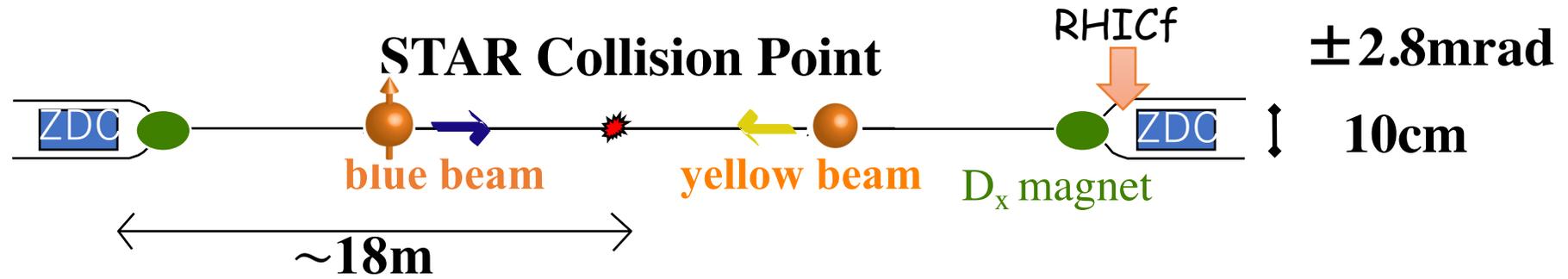


(Adriani et al., PRD, 2012)

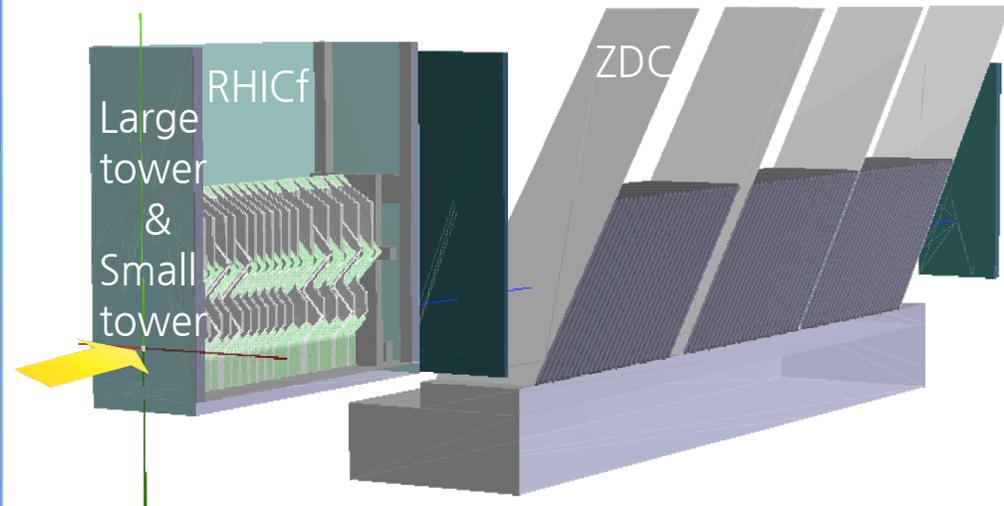


(Adriani et al., PLB, 2018)

# RHICf Experimental Setup

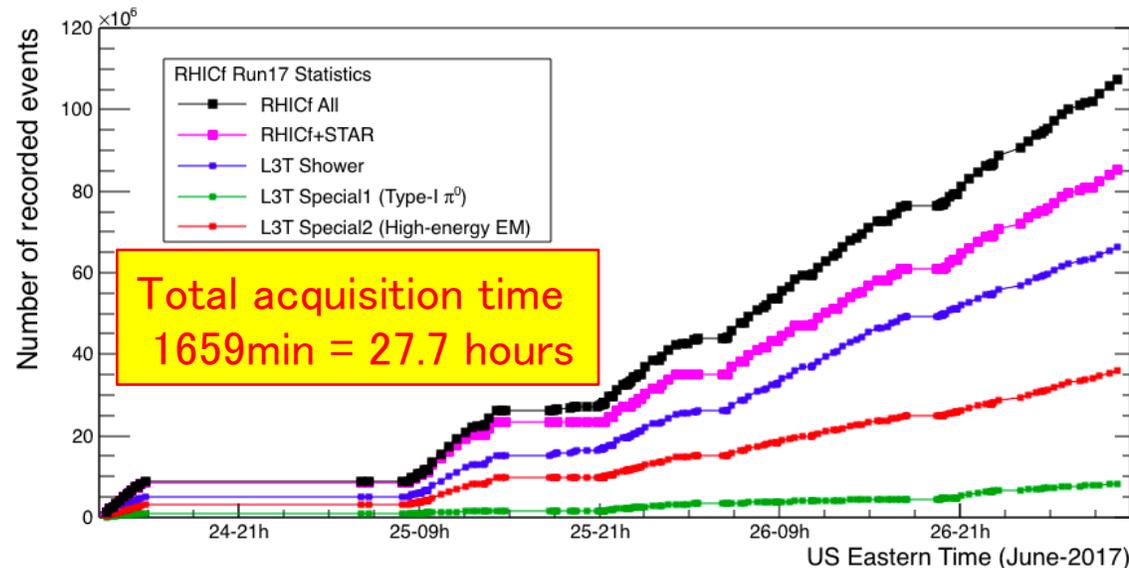
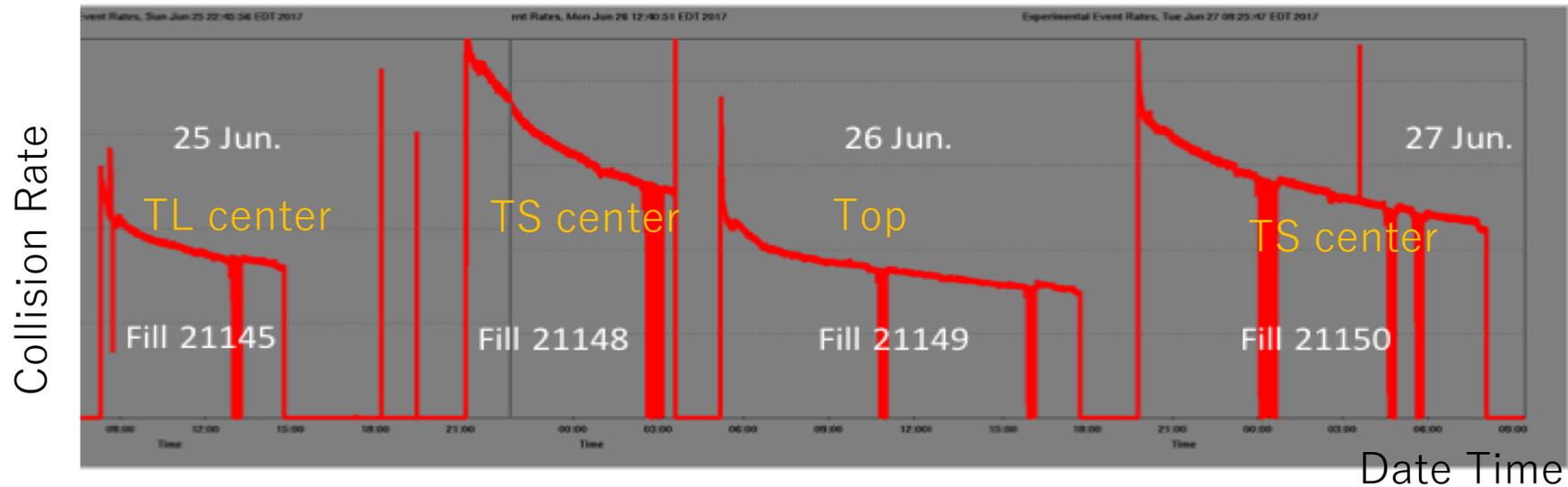


RHICf	ZDC+SMD
Sampling ( $\lambda_I=1.7$ )	Total Absorption ( $\lambda_I=5.1$ )
$S=4\text{cm} \times 4\text{cm}$ + $2\text{cm} \times 2\text{cm}$	$S=10\text{cm} \times 10\text{cm}$
$\Delta E_n \sim 35\%$	$\Delta E_n \sim 18\%$
$\Delta x_n \sim 0.1\text{cm}$	$\Delta x_n \sim 1\text{cm}$



Installed new sampling calorimeter RHICf in front of existing neutron calorimeter, ZDC.

# RHICf Experiment : June 2017



Total : 110M events

RHICf+STAR

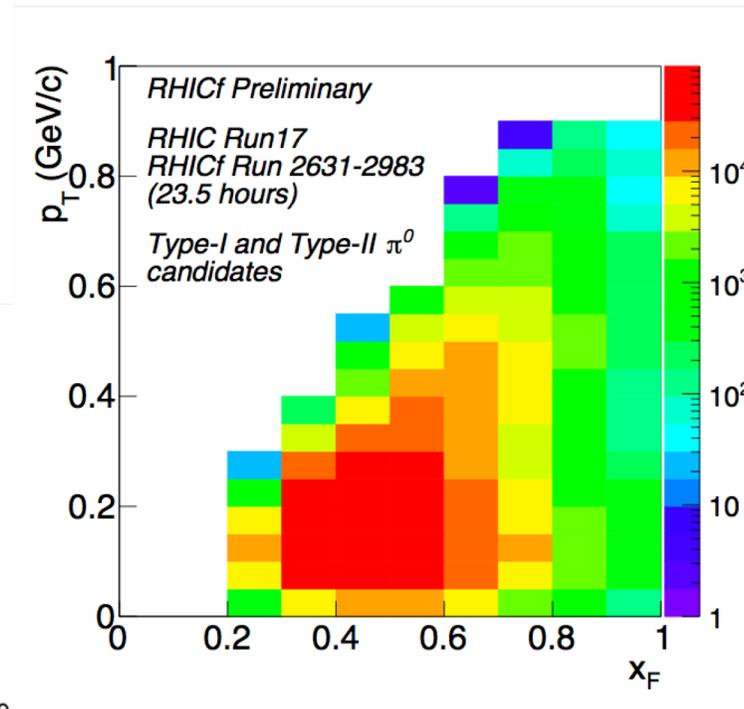
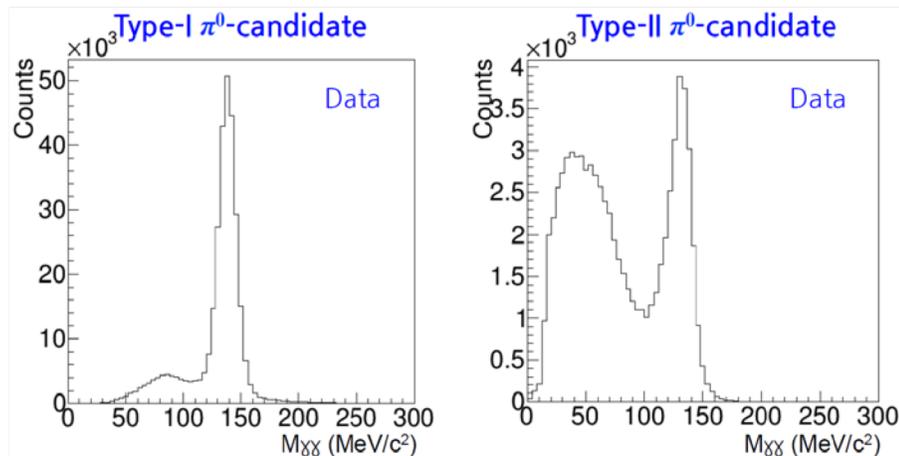
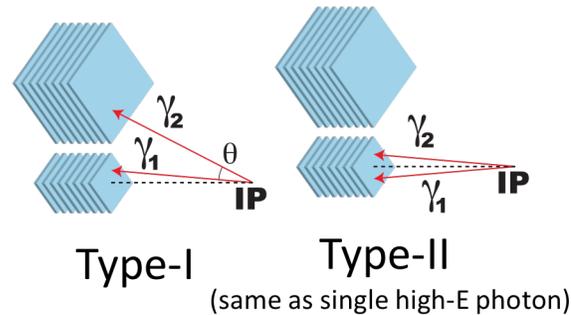
RHICf (shower event)

RHICf (High-energy EM trigger)

RHICf (Type-I  $\pi^0$  trigger)

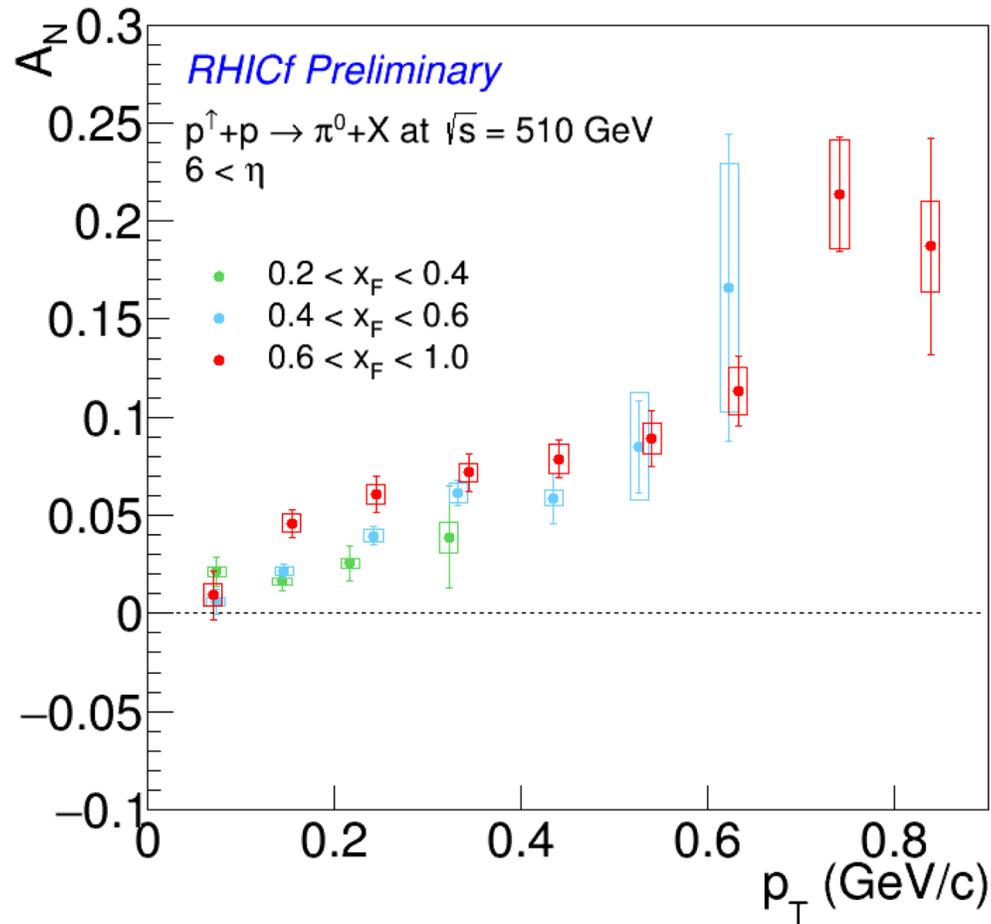
# $\pi^0$ Performance

- $\pi^0$  peak with  $\sim 10 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  width
  - $3\sigma$  region selected as  $\pi^0$  candidates
- $p_T < 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $0.2 < x_F < 1.0$

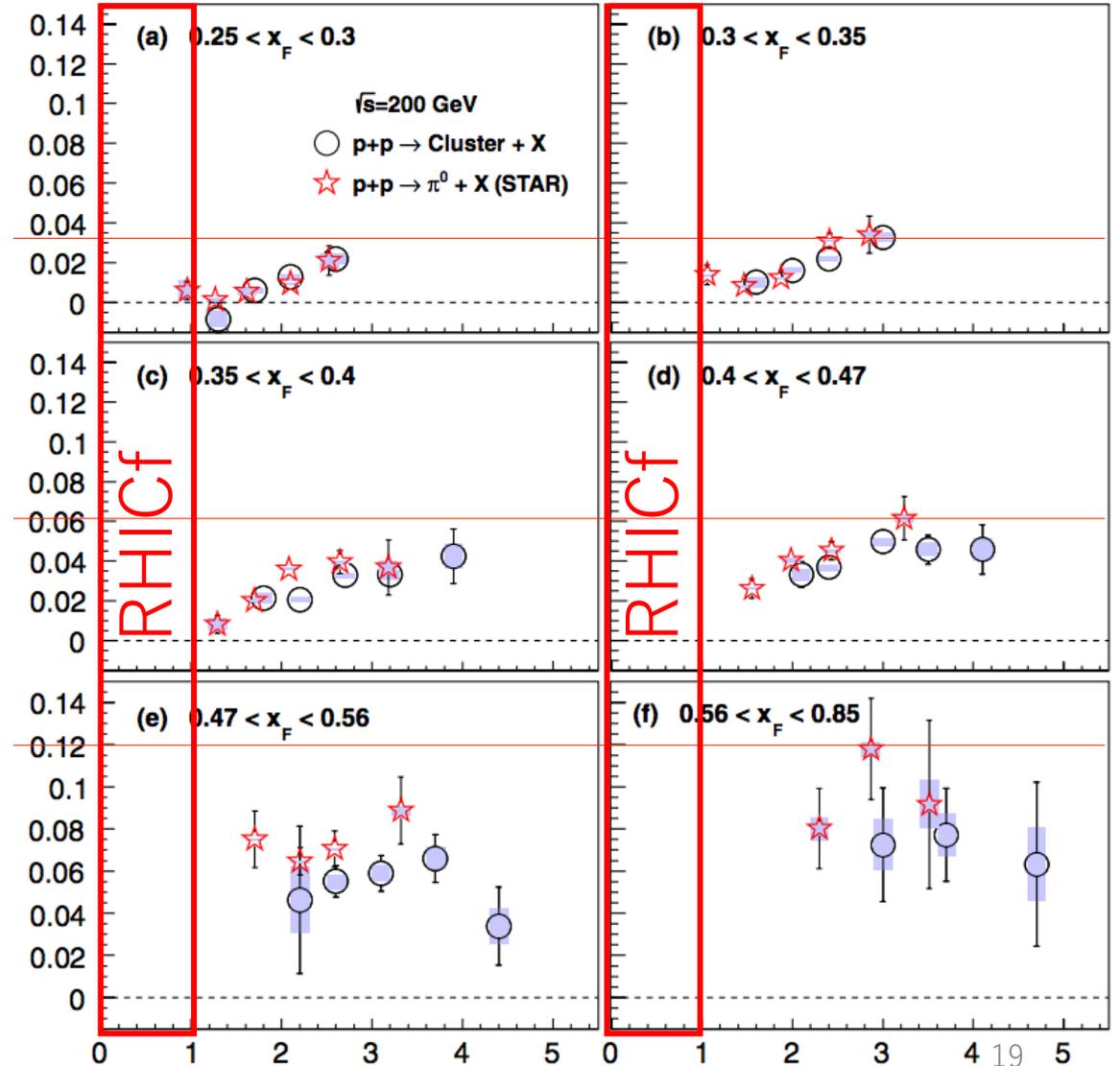


Data analysis by Minho Kim

# $\pi^0$ Asymmetry Preliminary Results

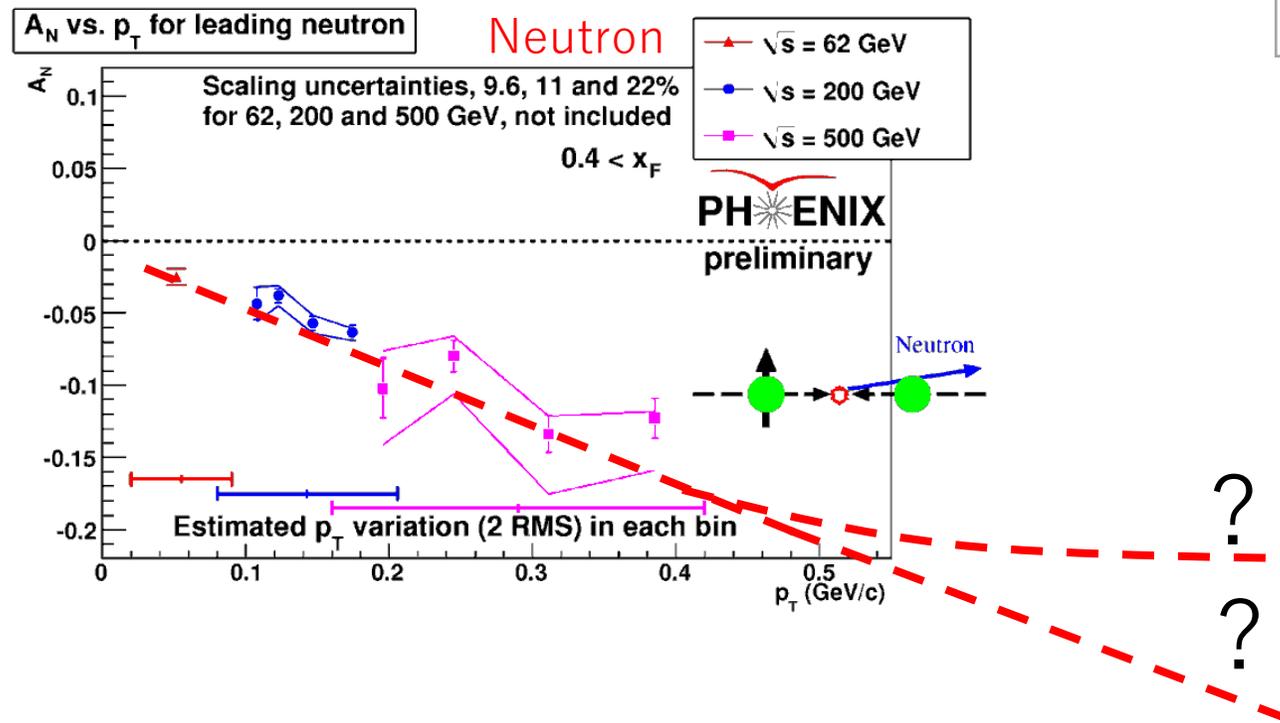


Large Asymmetry was observed  $p_T < 1$  GeV.



# Neutron $p_T$ coverage extension

Explore the proton spin in diffractive and transition to pQCD regime.



Extend  $p_T$  region up to 1.2 GeV

$p_T$ (GeV)	$N$ ( $\times 10^3$ )	$\delta A$
0.0–0.1	2,310	0.0013
0.1–0.2	2,570	0.0012
0.2–0.3	1,710	0.0015
0.3–0.4	2,190	0.0014
0.4–0.5	1,210	0.0018
0.5–0.6	1,130	0.0019
0.6–0.7	402	0.0032
0.7–0.8	260	0.0039
0.8–1.2	104	0.0062

diffractive ← → pQCD

# Summary

- Forward transverse single spin asymmetry has been considered to be sensitive to the orbital angular momentum.
- Forward  $\pi$   $A_N$  has been studied in pQCD framework, but recent data indicate possibility of soft process may be (partially) playing a role.
- New p0 results showed large asymmetry  $p_T < 1\text{GeV}$  where diffractive process expected to dominate.
- RHICf experiment is expected to interconnect asymmetries between hard (pQCD) and soft (diffractive) nature.

# RHICf Collaboration



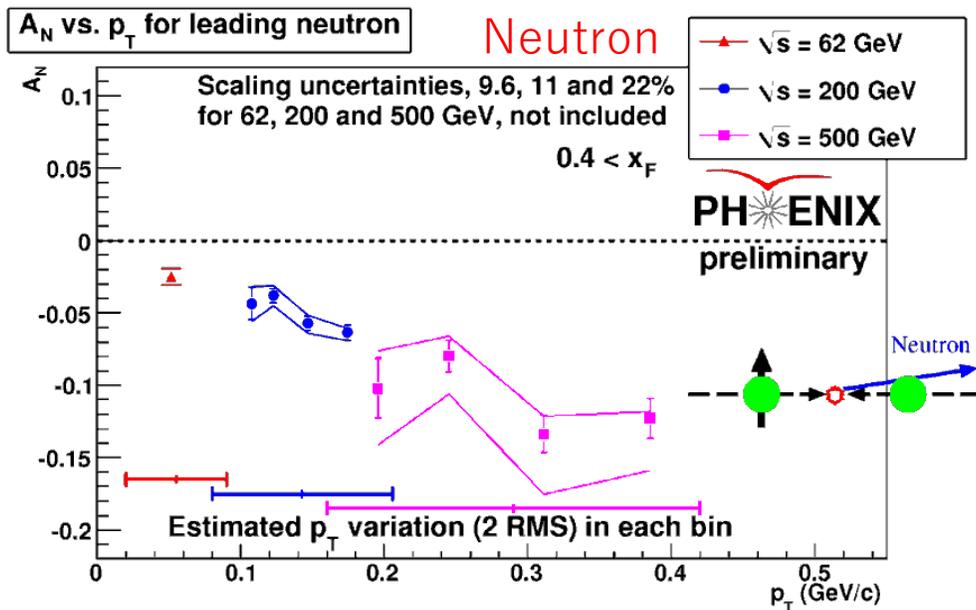
Y. Goto, I. Nakagawa, R. Seidl (RIKEN)  
J. S. Park (Seoul National Univ.)  
B. Hong, M. H. Kim (Korea Univ.)  
K. Tanida (JAEA)

Y. Itow, H. Menjo, K. Sato, M. Ueno,  
Q. D. Zhou, M. Ueno (Nagoya Univ.)  
T. Sako (ICRR, Univ. of Tokyo)  
K. Kasahara, T. Suzuki, S. Torii (Waseda Univ.)  
N. Sakurai (Tokushima Univ.)  
O. Adriani, E. Berti, L. Bonechi,  
R. D'Alessandro (INFN Firenze)  
A. Tricomi (INFN Catania)

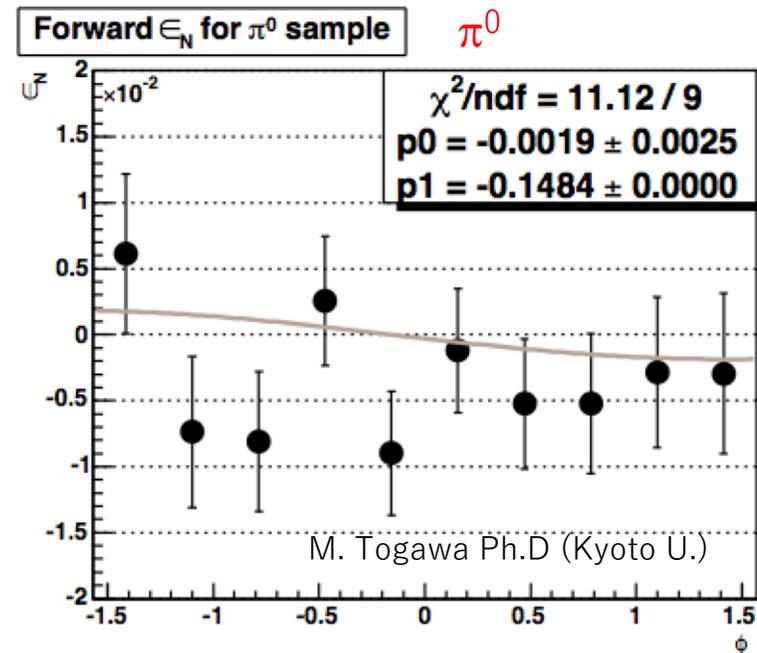
Backup slides

# Goal of RHICf Spin

Measure transverse single spin asymmetry of  $\pi^0$  and neutron at zero degree. Explore the proton spin in diffractive and transition to pQCD regime.



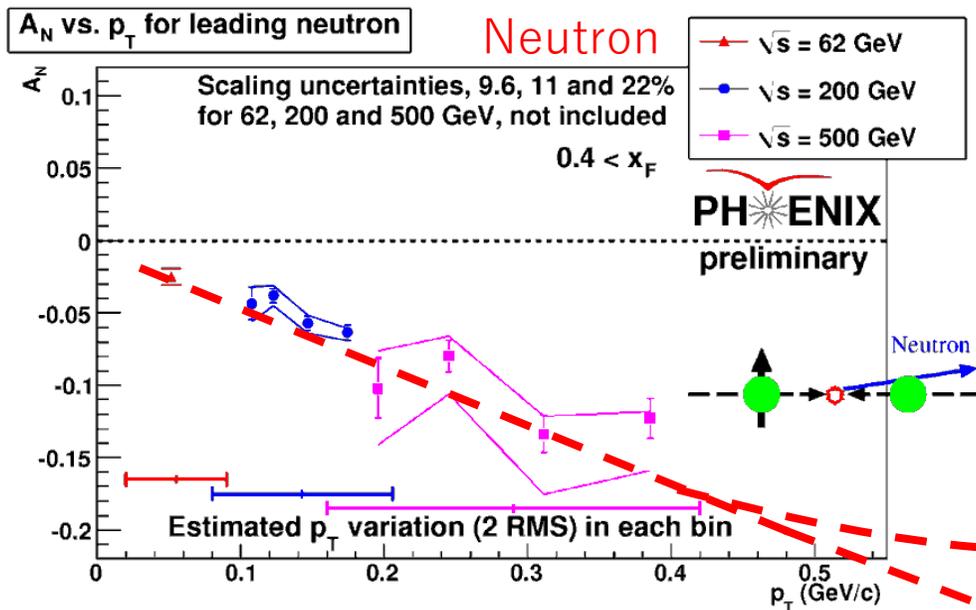
Observed asymmetry look scaling with  $p_T$ , but what about collision energy dependence?



The statistically insufficient existing data.

# Goal of RHICf Spin

Measure transverse single spin asymmetry of  $\pi^0$  and **neutron** at zero degree. Explore the proton spin in diffractive and transition to pQCD regime.



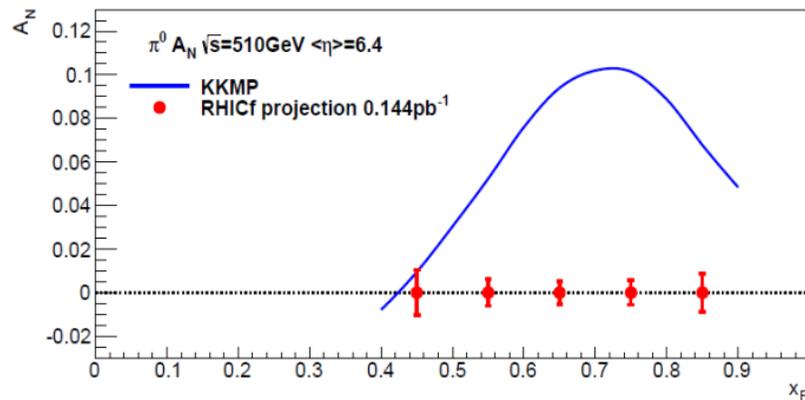
$p_T$ (GeV)	N ( $\times 10^3$ )	$\delta A$
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0.7–0.8	260	0.0039
0.8–1.2	104	0.0062

Extend  $p_T$  region up to 1.2 GeV

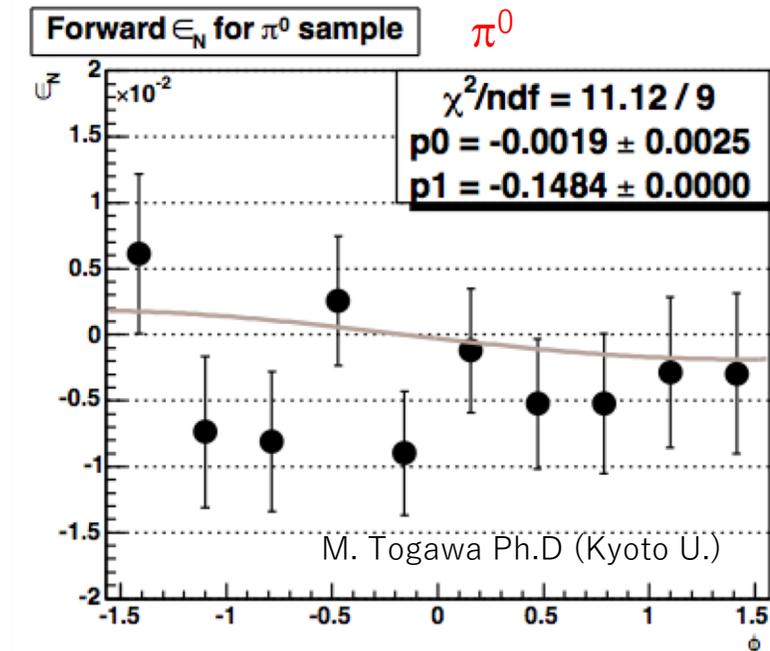
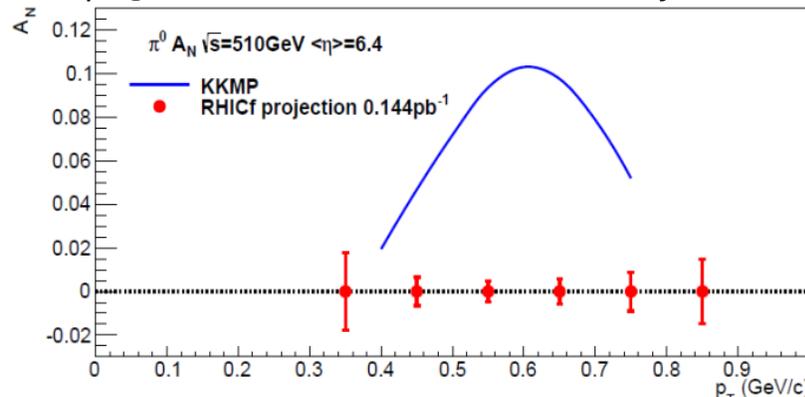
Improve  $p_T$  Resolution by an order of magnitude

# Goal of RHICf Spin

Measure transverse single spin asymmetry of  $\pi^0$  and neutron at zero degree. Explore the proton spin in diffractive and transition to pQCD regime.



pQCD Calculation and Projected Error



← Challenge to understand with existing TSSA data ( $2 < \eta < 4$ ) altogether.